

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

WITH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



List of Elected and Appointed Officials

June 30, 2015

# **ELECTED OFFICIALS - CITY COUNCIL**

Mayor	Sam Steidel
Councilor	Mike Benefield
Councilor	Melissa Cadwallader
Councilor	Wendy Higgins
Councilor	George Vetter

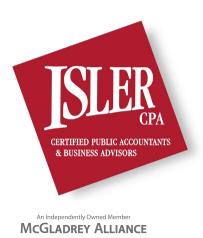
# APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Manager City Attorney Brant Kucera Tamara Herdener



FINANCIAL SECTION





**McGladrey** 

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cannon Beach, Oregon Cannon Beach, Oregon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cannon Beach, Oregon, ("City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cannon Beach, Oregon, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, the Tourism and Arts Fund, and the Road Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - An Amendment of GASB No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatement of the comparative financial data for the prior period presented is not practical due to the unavailability of information from the pension plan, therefore the provisions of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 were not applied to prior period. The cumulative effects of applying the provisions of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 have been reported as a restatement of beginning net position for the year ended June 30, 2015 in accordance with the Statements.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Pension Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplemental information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated December 31, 2015 on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Isler CPA

Paul R Nielson

Paul R Nielson, CPA, a member of the firm Eugene, Oregon December 31, 2015



### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management of the City of Cannon Beach offers readers of the City of Cannon Beach's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Cannon Beach for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The City's total assets at June 30, 2015 were \$26,533,486.
- The City's total liabilities at June 30, 2015 were \$6,262,475.
- The net position of the City at June 30, 2015 was \$19,798,460. Of this amount, \$977,680 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At June 30, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,209,503.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the City's total combined governmental funds had a restricted fund balance of \$148,892, an assigned fund balance of \$641,889, and an unassigned fund balance of \$1,418,722.
- The General Fund's unassigned fund balance is \$1,411,233 at the end of the current fiscal year, or 34.3% of General Fund expenditures and transfers out.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Cannon Beach's basic financial statements. The City of Cannon Beach's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements**. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Cannon Beach's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Cannon Beach's total assets and deferred outflows and total liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Cannon Beach is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Cannon Beach that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Cannon Beach include general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities include a recreational vehicle (RV) park, recycling, water, wastewater and storm drainage services.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Cannon Beach, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Cannon Beach can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Cannon Beach maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the four major funds, the General Fund, Tourism and Arts Fund, Road Fund, and Debt Service Fund. The City's nonmajor governmental funds are made up of the Building Official Fund, General Replacement Reserve Fund, Road Replacement Reserve Fund, Ecola Forest Reserve Fund, and the Bridge Repair and Replacement Reserve Fund.

The City of Cannon Beach adopts an annual appropriated budget for all the Governmental Funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

**Proprietary Funds.** Proprietary funds are used to account for activities where the emphasis is placed on net income determination. The City of Cannon Beach maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Cannon Beach uses five enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, storm drain, recycling, and RV Park activities. All but the Recycling Fund are considered to be major funds. The City uses an internal service fund for services provided on behalf of the City. The internal service fund activity has been included within the governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The City also adopts an annual appropriated budget for all proprietary funds. To demonstrate compliance with the budget, budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the enterprise funds as supplemental information can be found in the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. The proprietary fund financial statements can also be found in the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

*Fiduciary funds.* Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support City programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds. The City of Cannon Beach currently does not have any fiduciary funds.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information including financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB, but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Budgetary comparison schedules for major governmental funds are presented. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules for both the non-major governmental funds and the proprietary funds are presented.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Cannon Beach, total assets and deferred outflows exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows by \$19,798,460 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion, 94.3%, of the City of Cannon Beach's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Cannon Beach uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Cannon Beach's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, 0.7%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining portion represents 5.0% of total net position, and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Cannon Beach is able to report positive balances of net position in the government as a whole.

City of Cannon Beach Net Position								
	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total							
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Current and other assets	\$ 3,101,976	\$ 2,611,112	\$ 2,318,095	\$ 1,900,917	\$ 5,420,071	\$ 4,512,029		
Capital assets, net	6,724,776	6,373,986	14,388,639	14,623,692	21,113,415	20,997,678		
Total assets	9,826,752	8,985,098	16,706,734	16,524,609	26,533,486	25,509,707		
Deferred outflows of resources	365,884	225,423	44,264		410,148	225,423		
Noncurrent liabilities	5,555,846	333,730	35,035	134,505	5,590,881	468,235		
Other liabilities	455,825	5,929,722	215,769	28,888	671,594	5,958,610		
Total liabilities	6,011,671	6,263,452	250,804	163,393	6,262,475	6,426,845		
Deferred inflows of resources	692,309		190,390		882,699			
Net position:								
Net investment in								
capital assets	4,283,249	3,795,853	14,388,639	14,623,692	18,671,888	18,419,545		
Restricted	148,892	188,939	-	-	148,892	188,939		
Unrestricted	(943,485)	(1,037,723)	1,921,165	1,737,524	977,680	699,801		
Total net position	\$ 3,488,656	\$ 2,947,069	\$ 16,309,804	\$ 16,361,216	\$ 19,798,460	\$ 19,308,285		

The government's net position increased by \$490,175, during the current fiscal year.

The City's total assets at June 30, 2015 increased \$1,023,779 from \$25,509,707 to \$26,533,486, or 4.0% from the prior year. Cash increased by \$362,317, or 11.1% from the prior year. Receivables increased by \$108,522, or 10.3% from the prior year. Capital assets, net, increased by \$115,737, or 0.6%, from the prior year. Net pension asset increased by \$457,641. This cost is recorded now as a requirement of GASB (Governmental Accounting Standards Board) Standard 68 which requires municipalities to record the assets, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows related to pension plans (Oregon PERS). Deferred outflows increased \$184,725 from the prior year.

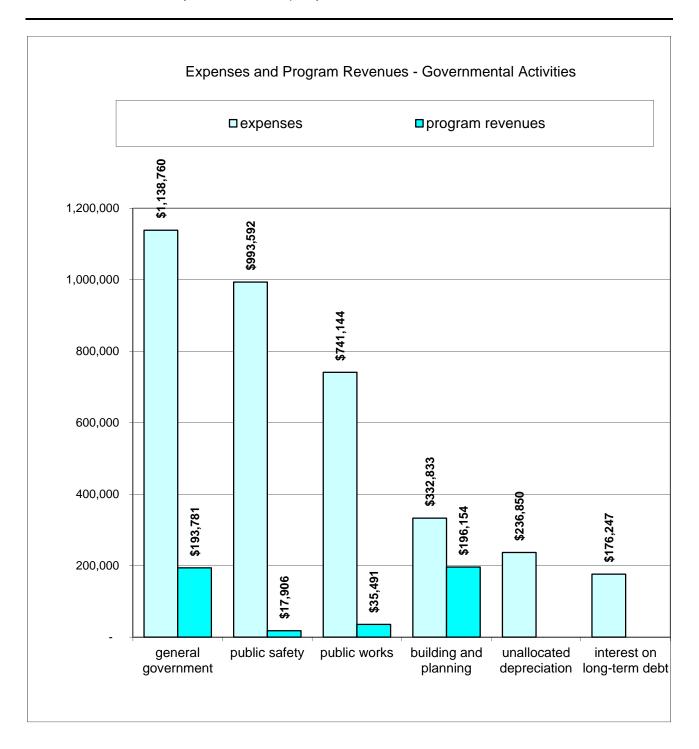
The City's total liabilities at June 30, 2015 decreased by \$164,370, or 2.6%, from the prior year. Accounts payable increased \$207,823, or 59.5%, from the prior year. The City's outstanding debt decreased \$402,408, or 6.9%.

			of Cannon nge in Net F							
	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities		Activities	Total						
	2015		2014	 2015		2014		2015		2014
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Fines, fees, and charges for services	\$ 381,526	+	293,893	\$ 3,742,931	\$	3,533,243	\$	4,124,457	\$	3,827,136
Operating grants and contributions	61,806	5	125,995	12,998		-		74,804		125,995
Capital grants and contributions	-		-	29,780		-		29,780		-
General revenues:										
Property taxes	1,102,939	)	1,083,708					1,102,939		1,083,708
Other taxes	3,228,643	3	2,933,983	-		-		3,228,643		2,933,983
Franchise fees	185,701		187,730					185,701		187,730
Unrestricted investment earnings	12,577	,	8,204	-		-		12,577		8,204
Other	-	_	1,827	 -		-		-		1,827
Total revenues	4,973,192	2	4,635,340	 3,785,709		3,533,243		8,758,901		8,168,583
Expenses:										
General government	1,138,760	)	1,172,012					1,138,760		1,172,012
Building	142,468	3	88,579					142,468		88,579
Planning	190,365	5	151,018					190,365		151,018
Public Works	741,144	ŀ	873,575					741,144		873,575
Public Safety	993,592	2	1,205,627					993,592		1,205,627
Unallocated depreciation	236,850	)	225,891					236,850		225,891
Interest on long-term liabilities	176,247	,	177,028					176,247		177,028
Water utility				793,635		883,296		793,635		883,296
Wastewater utility				1,134,010		1,248,069		1,134,010		1,248,069
Storm Drain				300,693		112,752		300,693		112,752
RV Park				1,420,940		1,331,489		1,420,940		1,331,489
Recycling				155,739		171,980		155,739		171,980
Total expenses	3,619,426	6	3,893,730	 3,805,017		3,747,586		7,424,443		7,641,316
Increase in net position before transfers	1,353,766	6	741,610	(19,308)		(214,343)		1,334,458		527,267
Transfers	(150,000		200,000	150,000		(200,000)		-		-
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,203,766	<u></u>	941,610	 130,692		(414,343)		1,334,458	a	527,267
Net position, July 1 as restated	2,284,890		2,005,459	16,179,112		16,775,559		18,464,002		18,781,018
Net position, June 30	\$ 3,488,656		2,947,069	\$ 16,309,804	\$	16,361,216	\$	19,798,460	\$	19,308,285

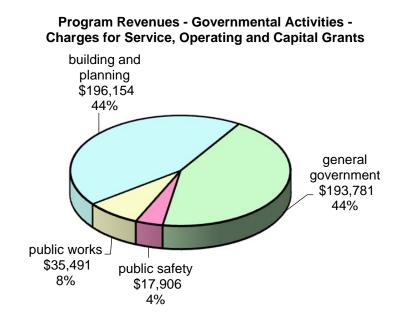
**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$541,587 from the prior year. The primary elements of the change in total net position are as follows:

- A restatement of net position, due to recording assets, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows related to pensions reduced net position by \$662,179.
- Revenues overall increased \$337,852 as fines, fees, and charges for service and transient room taxes show the biggest increases of \$87,633 and \$294,660, respectively.
- The increase in Fines, fees, and charges for service is mostly due to an increase in building permit revenue, up \$68,285 from last year and the increase in other taxes is mostly due to an increase in transient room tax, up \$283,949 from last year.
- Operating grants decreased \$64,189 from the prior year, mostly due to the Campbell property donation of \$90,000 going away this year. The residual difference is mostly made up from HRAP Friends donations in the amount of \$19,008.
- Transfers this year net to \$150,000 going out compared to last year's net amount of \$200,000 coming in which lessens the increase to net position.
- Total expenses decreased by \$274,304 with the largest decreases coming from Public Works and Public Safety in the amounts of \$132,431 and \$212,035, respectively, over the prior year.

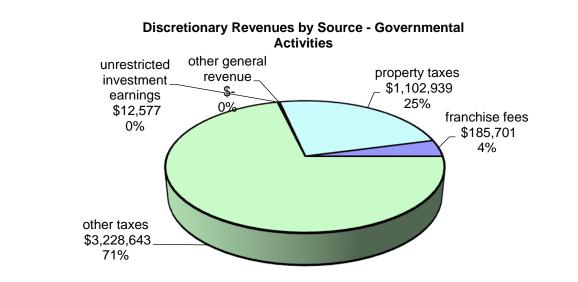
The following graph summarizes the 2014-2015 governmental activity program revenues and corresponding expenses. The revenues shown total \$443,332 an increase from the prior year of \$23,444, and are directly attributable to each activity (program revenues) and **do not** include property taxes, other taxes, franchise fees, investment earnings, other revenues, and other one-time or extraordinary revenue streams which are discretionary (general revenues). Discretionary revenues amount to \$4,529,860 and increased by \$314,408 from the prior year.



This next chart shows the total functional revenues for each program in the amount of \$443,332 and the percentage of the total.



As the next chart reflects, most 2014-2015 governmental activities relied on general discretionary revenues to support the function. This graph shows total discretionary revenues in the amount of \$4,529,860 and the percentage in each category.

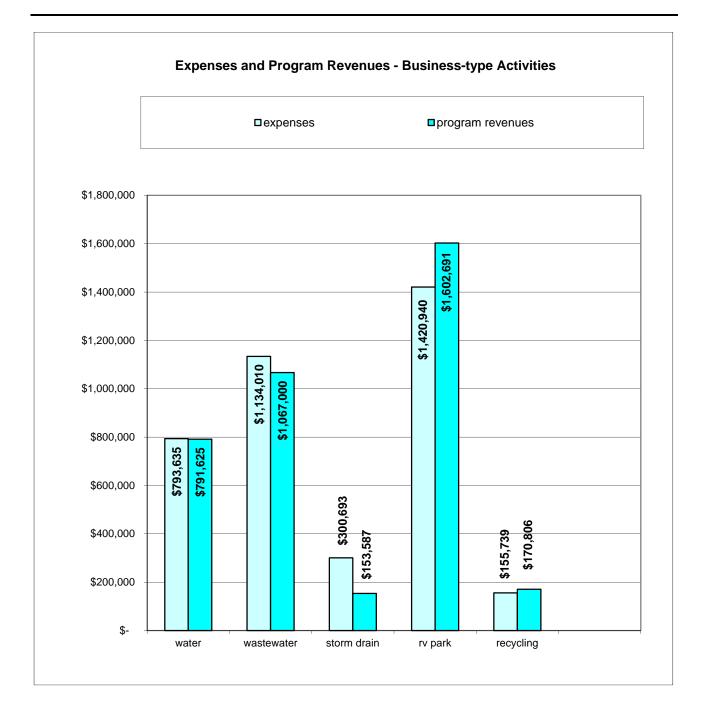


**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$51,412. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

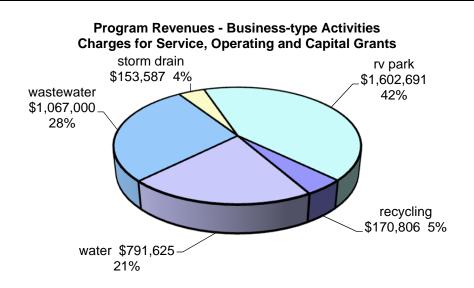
 A restatement of net position, due to recording assets, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows related to pensions reduced net position by \$182,104.

- Fines, fees, and charges for services had a net increase this year of \$209,688 from the prior year. These increased in the Water fund this year by \$8,423, they increased in the Sanitation Fund by \$39,299, they increased in the Storm Drain Fund by \$3,953, and they increased in the RV Park Fund by \$171,062, however, fees, fines, and charges for service decreased in the Recycling Fund by \$13,049.
- Combined operating and capital grants and contributions increased this year by \$42,778 and are due to a grant from DEQ for the Storm Drain, in the amount of \$12,998 and SDC (System Development Charges) revenue in the amount of \$29,780.
- Total business-type activity revenues increased by \$252,466.
- Total operating expenses overall increased from the prior year in the amount of \$57,431.

Business-type activities of the City of Cannon Beach are supported by charges for utility service, capital contributions, development fees, and other grants. The graph below summarizes the 2014-2015 expenses and revenues of those funds.



Total program revenues in the business-type activities of the City total \$3,785,709 as represented by the percentages in the chart below for 2014-2015.



### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Cannon Beach uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds**. The focus of the City of Cannon Beach's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Cannon Beach's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Cannon Beach's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,209,503, an increase of \$18,801 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Cannon Beach. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,411,233. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund decreased by \$241,203 during the current fiscal year. While revenues and transfers in decreased \$37,876, expenses and transfers out increased by \$446,465. Key elements of the net increase to fund balance are as follows:

- Taxes and assessments increased by \$15,197 during the year. Revenue in this category comes mostly from property taxes and state revenue sharing programs with regard to alcohol and cigarettes. Most of the increase in this category is from property tax in the amount of \$13,140.
- Transient room tax increased by \$256,401.
- Licenses, permits, and fees increased \$16,636.
- Grants and donations decreased by \$64,339 due to Campbell property grant going away with some increases in HRAP donations amounting to \$19,000.
- Other revenues decreased \$11,771.
- Expenditures and other uses in the General Fund increased \$446,465 from the prior year. Most of the increase occurred in General Government (\$233,898) and Transfers out (\$493,954). Public works had decreases in total expenses in the amount of \$260,056.

The Tourism and Arts Fund has a total fund balance of \$45,510. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the Fund was \$27,829.

- Transient room tax increased \$27,548.
- Total expenses for visitor and tourism purposes increased \$17,400.

The Roads Fund, has a total fund balance of \$60,635, all of which is restricted for road maintenance. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year in the fund was \$81,925 and is attributable to the following:

- Revenue, from all sources, increased from the prior year by \$13,750 mainly from property tax.
- Transfers in from the General fund decreased from the prior year by \$61,962.
- Expenditures increased \$78,537 from the prior year. •

The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$7,489. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the fund was \$44.018.

- Increases in property tax were \$11,080 from the prior year.
- Transfers in increased \$79,975 from the prior year.
- Debt service expenditures to pay principal and interest total \$559,125 in the current year. ٠

Proprietary funds. The City of Cannon Beach's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water Enterprise at the end of year amounted to \$351,723, those for the Wastewater Enterprise at the end of year amounted to \$350,884, those for the Storm Drain Enterprise at the end of year amounted to \$68,788, those for the RV Park Enterprise at the end of year amounted to \$1,003,292, and those for the Recycling Enterprise at the end of year amounted to \$146,478. The total increase in net position for all enterprise funds was \$130,692. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Cannon Beach's business-type activities.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Adjustments to the adopted budget during the fiscal year were made by resolution and approved by city council.

2014

559,003

84,987

#### City of Cannon Beach's Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Governmental Activites **Business-type Activities** Total 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 Land \$ 3,759,675 \$ 3,759,675 \$ 1,283,338 \$ 1,283,338 \$ 5,043,013 \$ 5,043,013 Buildings 686,101 612,174 1,725,610 1,814,712 2,411,711 2,426,886 415,520 Equipment and vehicles 484,318 176,343 143,483 660,661 Infrastructure 1,761,031 1,521,078 11,144,341 11,362,711 12,905,372 12,883,789 Construction in progress 33,651 65,539 59,007 19,448 92,658 \$ \$ 6,373,986 \$ 14,388,639 \$ \$ 21,113,415 \$ 20,997,678 Total 6,724,776 14,623,692

### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Cannon Beach's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015, amounts to \$21,113,415 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets included land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, and bridges.

Net capital assets increased by \$115,737 during the year because capital asset additions of \$957,227 less current year depreciation, in the amount of \$841,490 net to the overall increase of capital assets at the end of the year.

Major capital asset additions during the current fiscal year included the following:

- City Hall Kitchen and Bathroom improvements, \$118,923
- K-9 Start up costs, "Gunner", \$13,083
- Beach access improvements, \$117,529
- Cache site improvements, \$11,070
- Pavement preservation, \$79,389
- Ne Cus' trail development, \$67,945
- 2015 Peterbilt Dump Truck, \$91,639
- Spruce Street Stormceptors, \$45,776
- Police, HRAP, and Lifeguard vehicles in total, \$91,816
- Wastewater lagoon rehab, \$44,471
- Extend wastewater line, \$114,686
- Forest Lawn water line replacement, \$81,267

The above comprises 91.7% of the total additions this year.

Additional information on the City of Cannon Beach's capital assets can be found in note III B.

**Long-term debt**. At the end of the fiscal year, the City of Cannon Beach had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$5,590,881. Of this amount, \$5,414,806 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Loan payable obligations have a balance of \$40,250. The remaining \$135,825 represents compensated absences liability (vacation and compensation pay accrued on behalf of the employees).

	City of Cann	on Beach's O	utstanding [	ebt		
	General Obligatio	n Bonds and (	Other Long-	erm Debt		
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Тс	otal
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 5,125,000	\$ 5,455,000	\$	- \$ -	\$ 5,125,000	\$ 5,455,000
Original Issue Premium Loans Payable	289,806 40,250	321,964 80,500		· -	289,806 40,250	321,964 80,500
Compensated Absences Total	100,790 \$ 5,555,846	72,258	35,035 \$ 35,035	- ,	135,825	101,146

The City of Cannon Beach's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$367,729 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the City of Cannon Beach's long-term debt can be found in note III D.

### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- An expected increase in room tax revenue
- An expected increase in property tax revenue of at least 3%
- An increase in water rates
- Cost of living adjustments to wages

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Cannon Beach's budget for the 2015 fiscal year.

### **Requests for information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Cannon Beach's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Laurie A. Sawrey, CPA, Finance Director, PO Box 368, 163 E. Gower Street, Cannon Beach, Oregon 97110.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,779,624	\$ 1,860,857	\$ 3,640,481
Receivables	963,420	196,128	1,159,548
Inventory	-	162,401	162,401
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable assets	3,793,326	1,342,345	5,135,671
Depreciable assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	2,931,450	13,046,294	15,977,744
Net pension asset	358,932	98,709	457,641
Total assets	9,826,752	16,706,734	26,533,486
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	204,930	-	204,930
Related to pensions	160,954	44,264	205,218
Total deferred outflows	365,884	44,264	410,148
Total assets and deferred outflows	10,192,636	16,750,998	26,943,634
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	360,109	196,947	557,056
Accrued payroll	21,708	13,078	34,786
Deposits	-	5,744	5,744
Accrued interest payable	18,583	-	18,583
Unearned revenue	55,425	-	55,425
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	518,749	35,035	553,784
Due in more than one year	5,037,097		5,037,097
Total liabilities	6,011,671	250,804	6,262,475
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	692,309	190,390	882,699
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	6,703,980	441,194	7,145,174
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	4,283,249	14,388,639	18,671,888
Restricted for:			
Building inspection program	42,747	-	42,747
Tourism	45,510	-	45,510
Road maintenance	60,635	-	60,635
Unrestricted	(943,485)	1,921,165	977,680
Total net position	\$ 3,488,656	\$ 16,309,804	\$ 19,798,460

		<b>СІТҮ</b> Fo	OF CANNON BEACH, O Statement of Activities r the Year Ended June 30,	<b>CITY OF CANNON BEACH, OREGON</b> Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015	NO 10			
				Program Revenues	es	Net (E Cha	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	le and tion
	Expenses	Indirect Expense Allocation	Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 1,935,733	\$ (796,973)	\$ 154,600	\$ 39,181	۰ ۲	\$ (944,979)	۰ ۲	\$ (944,979)
Building Planning	116,500 190.365	25,968 -	142,324 46 130	-		(144) (136 535)		(144) (136 535)
Public works	645,689	95,455	35,491		ı	(705,653)		(705,653)
Public safety	993,592	I	2,981	14,925		(975,686)	·	(975,686)
Unallocated depreciation	236,850	•	I	I	I	(236,850)	I	(236,850)
Total governmental activities	4,294,976	(675,550)	381,526	61,806		(3,176,094)		(3,176,094)
Business-type activities:								
Water	541,506	252,129	780,208	•	11,417		(2,010)	(2,010)
Wastewater	882,422	251,588	1,055,253	ı	11,747	I	(67,010)	(67,010)
Storm drain	259,751	40,942	133,973	12,998	6,616	I	(147,106)	(147,106)
RV park Recvcling	1,331,313 114 475	89,627 41 264	1,602,691 170,806				181,751 15.067	181,751 15,067
Total business-type activities	3,129,467	675,550	3,742,931	12,998	29,780		(19,308)	(19,308)
Total activities	\$ 7,424,443	' ب	\$ 4,124,457	\$ 74,804	\$ 29,780	(3,176,094)	(19,308)	(3,195,402)
		General revenues: Taxes:	iues:					
		Property taxes	axes			1,102,939		1,102,939
		Transient	Transient room taxes			3,045,052	I	3,045,052
		Other taxes	ŝŝ			183,591 185 701		183,591 185 701
		Unrestricted	Unrestricted investment earnings	nings		12,577		12,577
		Transfers		)		(150,000)	150,000	•
		Total ge	Total general revenues and transfers	and transfers		4,379,860	150,000	4,529,860
		Change in net position	position			1,203,766	130,692	1,334,458
		Net position, b	Net position, beginning as restated	stated		2,284,890	16,179,112	18,464,002
		Net position, ending	anding			\$ 3,488,656	\$ 16,309,804	\$ 19,798,460

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet

June 30, 2015

ASSETS	General Fund (010)	Tourism and Arts Fund (012)	Road Fund (040)	Debt Service Fund (030)	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$ 788,379	\$ 114,760	\$ 132,810	\$-	\$ 708,157	\$ 1,744,106
Receivables:						
Room taxes	783,007	-	-	-	-	783,007
Accounts	40,573	-	36,226	-	22	76,821
Property taxes	52,336	-	19,048	30,780	-	102,164
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,664,295</u>	<u>\$ 114,760</u>	<u>\$ 188,084</u>	<u>\$ 30,780</u>	<u>\$ 708,179</u>	<u>\$ 2,706,098</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and						
accrued expenses	\$ 166,812	\$ 69,250	\$ 94,328	\$-	\$ 14,481	\$ 344,871
Unearned revenues	46,363				9,062	55,425
Total liabilities	213,175	69,250	94,328		23,543	400,296
DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOUR Unavailable revenues: Property taxes	CES 39,887	-	14,473	23,291	-	77,651
LIDs	-	-	18,648		-	18,648
Total deferred inflows						
of resources	39,887		33,121	23,291		96,299
FUND BALANCES Restricted:						
Building inspection	-	-	-	-	42,747	42,747
Road maintenance	-	-	60,635	-	-	60,635
Tourism and arts	-	45,510	-	-	-	45,510
Assigned:						
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	641,889	641,889
Unassigned	1,411,233			7,489		1,418,722
Total fund balances	1,411,233	45,510	60,635	7,489	684,636	2,209,503
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and						
fund balances	\$ 1,664,295	\$ 114,760	\$ 188,084	\$ 30,780	\$ 708,179	\$ 2,706,098

### Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:       Receivables that are not available to pay for current expenditures are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.       96,299         Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:       96,299         Nondepreciable assets       \$ 3,793,326       6,316,600         Accumulated depreciation       (3,415,616)         Accumulated depreciation       (3,415,616)         Capiter liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:       6,694,310         Long-term liabilities are not due and payable       (5,125,000)         Deferred charges       204,930         Issuance premiums       (289,806)         Loans payable       (40,250)         Compensated absences       (69,119)         Accrued interest payable       (18,583)         Cattree outflows of resources related to pensions       (119,539)         Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's portion of the State-wide pension plan are not current resources or requirements and therefore are not reported in the funds:       (119,539)         Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources oresources or tesources	Fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,209,503
are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.       96,299         Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: <ul> <li>Nondepreciable assets</li> <li>\$3,793,326</li> <li>Depreciable assets</li> <li>\$6,316,600</li> <li>Accumulated depreciation</li> <li>(3,415,616)</li> <li>6,694,310</li> </ul> Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: <ul> <li>General obligation bonds payable</li> <li>(5,125,000)</li> <li>Deferred charges</li> <li>204,930</li> <li>Issuance premiums</li> <li>(289,806)</li> <li>Loans payable</li> <li>(40,250)</li> <li>Compensated absences</li> <li>(69,119)</li> <li>Accrued interest payable</li> <li>(18,583)</li> <li>(5,337,828)</li> </ul> Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's portion of the State-wide pension plan are not current resources or requirements and therefore are not reported in the funds: <li>Net pension asset</li> <li>(479,971)</li> <li>(119,539)</li> Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of administrative service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. <li>(54,089)</li>		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Nondepreciable assets \$ 3,793,326 6,316,600 Accumulated depreciation (3,415,616) 6,694,310 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: General obligation bonds payable (5,125,000) Deferred charges 204,930 Issuance premiums (289,806) Loans payable (40,250) Compensated absences (69,119) Accrued interest payable (18,583) (5,337,828) Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's portion of the State-wide pension plan are not current resources or requirements and therefore are not reported in the funds: Net pension asset 248,844 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 111,588 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (479,971) (119,539) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, inabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. (54,089)		96,299
Depreciable assets       6,316,600         Accumulated depreciation       (3,415,616)         6,694,310         Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:       6,694,310         General obligation bonds payable       (5,125,000)         Deferred charges       204,930         Issuance premiums       (289,806)         Loans payable       (40,250)         Compensated absences       (69,119)         Accrued interest payable       (18,583)         Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's portion of the State-wide pension plan are not current resources or requirements and therefore are not reported in the funds:         Net pension asset       248,844         Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions       (119,539)         Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.       (54,089)		
therefore, are not reported in the funds: General obligation bonds payable (5,125,000) Deferred charges 204,930 Issuance premiums (289,806) Loans payable (40,250) Compensated absences (69,119) Accrued interest payable (18,583) (5,337,828) Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's portion of the State-wide pension plan are not current resources or requirements and therefore are not reported in the funds: Net pension asset 248,844 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 111,588 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (479,971) (119,539) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. (54,089)	Depreciable assets 6,316	,600 ,616)
Deferred charges       204,930         Issuance premiums       (289,806)         Loans payable       (40,250)         Compensated absences       (69,119)         Accrued interest payable       (18,583)         (5,337,828)         Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's portion of the State-wide pension plan are not current resources or requirements and therefore are not reported in the funds:         Net pension asset       248,844         Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions       111,588         Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions       (119,539)         Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.       (54,089)		
Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's portion of the State-wide pension plan are not current resources or requirements and therefore are not reported in the funds: Net pension asset 248,844 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 111,588 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (479,971) (119,539) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. (54,089)	Deferred charges204Issuance premiums(289Loans payable(40Compensated absences(69	,930 ,806) ,250) ,119) ,583)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 111,588 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (479,971) (119,539)	to the City's portion of the State-wide pension plan are not current resources or requirements and therefore are not reported	
administrative services to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. (54,089)	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 111	,588 ,971)
	administrative services to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities	
	·	

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund (010)	Tourism & Arts Fund (012)	Road Fund (040)	Debt Service Fund (030)	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes and assessments	\$ 651,738	\$-	\$ 316,900	\$ 327,604	\$-	\$ 1,296,242
Transient room taxes	2,740,223	304,829	-	-	-	3,045,052
Licenses, permits, and fees	325,286	-	-	-	141,478	466,764
Grants and donations	61,656	-	-	-	-	61,656
Other	98,088		648	12,739	847	112,322
Total revenues	3,876,991	304,829	317,548	340,343	142,325	4,982,036
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	1,184,279	277,000	-	-	-	1,461,279
Building	-	-	-	-	146,888	146,888
Planning	204,354	-	-	-	-	204,354
Public works	488,452	-	639,711	-	-	1,128,163
Public safety	1,313,426	-	-	-	-	1,313,426
Debt service:		-				
Principal	-	-	-	370,250	-	370,250
Interest				188,875		188,875
Total expenditures	3,190,511	277,000	639,711	559,125	146,888	4,813,235
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	686,480	27,829	(322,163)	(218,782)	(4,563)	168,801
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	_	_	240,238	262,800	314,895	817,933
Transfers out	(927,683)	_	240,200	202,000	(40,250)	(967,933)
	(021,000)				(10,200)	(001,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(927,683)		240,238	262,800	274,645	(150,000)
Net change in fund balances	(241,203)	27,829	(81,925)	44,018	270,082	18,801
Fund Balances: Beginning of year	1,652,436	17,681	142,560	(36,529)	414,554	2,190,702
End of year	<u>\$ 1,411,233</u>	\$ 45,510	\$ 60,635	\$ 7,489	\$ 684,636	\$ 2,209,503

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	18,801
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.		(9,927)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for capital assets\$ 587,640Current year depreciation(230,978)		356,662
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in:(2,882)Compensated absences payable(2,882)Accrued interest963Expenses related to pension obligations339,543Amortization of bond premiums32,158Amortization of deferred charge on refunding(20,493)		349,289
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Principal repayments370,250		370,250
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		118,691
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	1,203,766

# GENERAL FUND Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Original Budget	F	Final Budget	et Actual		Variance	
Revenues:								
Taxes and assessments Transient room taxes** Licenses, permits and fees Grants and donations Other	\$	604,063 2,529,000 302,275 62,200 112,923	\$	604,063 2,529,000 302,275 62,200 112,923	\$	651,738 2,740,223 325,286 61,656 98,088	\$	47,675 211,223 23,011 (544) (14,835)
Total revenues		3,610,461		3,610,461	_	3,876,991		266,530
Expenditures:								
Executive Planning Public works Public safety Non-departmental Contingency Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		594,387 168,430 449,640 1,361,628 403,739 175,000 3,152,824 457,637		681,887 193,430 509,640 1,331,628 403,739 32,500 3,152,824 457,637	_	795,622 204,354 488,452 1,313,426 388,657 - 3,190,511 686,480		(113,735) (10,924) 21,188 18,202 15,082 32,500 (37,687) 228,843
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out**		(777,683)		(927,683)		(927,683)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(777,683)		(927,683)	_	(927,683)		-
Net change in fund balance		(320,046)		(470,046)		(241,203)		228,843
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year	_	1,100,000		1,250,000	_	1,652,436		402,436
End of year	\$	779,954	\$	779,954	\$	1,411,233	\$	631,279

\*\*\$282,000 of budgeted transfers out to the Tourism & Arts Fund are reported as an offset against Transient Room Taxes for reporting purposes and are not included in total transfers out in this statement.

012 - TOURISM & ARTS FUND

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues: Transient room taxes**	\$	282,000	\$	282,000	\$	304,829	\$	22,829
Expenditures: Materials and services		282,000		282,000		277,000		5,000
Net change in fund balance		-		-		27,829		27,829
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		-		-	_	17,681		17,681
End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,510	\$	45,510

\*\*\$282,000 of budgeted transfers in from the General Fund are reported as Transient Room Taxes (revenue) for reporting purposes and are not included in total transfers in in this statement.

# 040 - ROAD FUND Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		F	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:									
Taxes and assessments Grants and donations Local improvement districts Other	\$	298,577 50,000 50,000 -	\$	298,577 50,000 50,000 -	\$	316,900 - - 648	\$	18,323 (50,000) (50,000) <u>648</u>	
Total revenues		398,577		398,577		317,548		(81,029)	
Expenditures:									
Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay		185,826 360,615 215,000		204,826 341,615 215,000		206,315 279,706 153,690		(1,489) 61,909 61,310	
Total expenditures		761,441		761,441	_	639,711		121,730	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(362,864)		(362,864)		(322,163)		40,701	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		240,238		240,238		240,238		-	
Net change in fund balance		(122,626)		(122,626)		(81,925)		40,701	
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year		122,626		122,626		142,560	_	19,934	
End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,635	\$	60,635	

### CITY OF CANNON BEACH, OREGON PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	Water Enterprise	Wastewater Enterprise	Storm Drain Enterprise	RV Park Enterprise	Nonmajor Fund - Recycling Enterprise	Total	Administrative Services Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS									
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivables Inventory	\$ 245,139 60,058 107,337	\$ 325,906 103,082 35,866	\$ 72,342 15,217	\$ 1,071,185 - 19,198	\$ 146,285 17,771	\$ 1,860,857 196,128 162,401	\$ 35,518 1,428		
Total current assets	412,534	464,854	87,559	1,090,383	164,056	2,219,386	36,946		
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Nondepreciable assets Depreciable, net Net pension asset	483,888 3,914,018 	59,007 7,458,998 45,779	- 655,155 1,050	799,450 853,401	- 164,722 13,283	1,342,345 13,046,294 98,709	- 30,466 30,088		
Total noncurrent assets	4,436,503	7,563,784	656,205	1,652,851	178,005	14,487,348	140,554		
Total assets	4,849,037	8,028,638	743,764	2,743,234	342,061	16,706,734	177,500		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RES Related to pensions	OURCES 17,308	20,529	471		5,956	44,264	49,366		
Total assets & deferred outflows	4,866,345	8,049,167	744,235	2,743,234	348,017	16,750,998	226,866		
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued									
expenses	16,443	73,728	17,283	87,091	2,402	196,947	15,238		
Accrued payroll	5,401	6,088	49	-	1,540	13,078	21,708		
Deposits Compensated absences	5,744 14,682	- 12,162	- 935	-	- 7,256	5,744 35,035	- 31,671		
Total liabilities	42,270	91,978	18,267	87,091	11,198	250,804	68,617		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESO	URCES								
Related to pensions	74,446	88,300	2,025		25,619	190,390	212,338		
Total liabilities & deferred inflows	116,716	180,278	20,292	87,091	36,817	441,194	280,955		
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	4,397,906	7,518,005	655,155	1,652,851	164,722	14,388,639	30,466		
Unrestricted	351,723	350,884	68,788	1,003,292	146,478	1,921,165	(84,555)		
Total net position	\$ 4,749,629	\$ 7,868,889	<u>\$ 723,943</u>	\$ 2,656,143	\$ 311,200	<u>\$ 16,309,804</u>	<u>\$ (54,089)</u>		

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Busine	ess-type Activit	ies - Enterprise			Governmental Activities
	Water Enterprise	Wastewater Enterprise	Storm Drain Enterprise	RV Park Enterprise	Nonmajor Fund - Recycling Enterprise	Total	Administrative Services Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Other operating revenues Total operating revenues	\$ 767,933 12,275 780,208	\$ 1,053,686 <u>1,567</u> 1,055,253	\$ 133,949 <u>24</u> 133,973	\$ 1,602,691 	\$ 170,683 <u>123</u> 170,806	\$ 3,728,942 13,989 3,742,931	\$ 1,182,469 <u>1,269</u> 1,183,738
Operating Expenses: Personal services Cost of operations Depreciation Total operating expenses	196,826 433,037 <u>163,772</u> 793,635	219,564 546,041 <u>368,405</u> 1,134,010	16,197 257,669 26,827 300,693	1,386,786 34,154 1,420,940	61,808 82,450 11,481 155,739	494,395 2,705,983 <u>604,639</u> <u>3,805,017</u>	585,592 473,583 5,872 1,065,047
Operating income (loss)	(13,427)	(78,757)	(166,720)	181,751	15,067	(62,086)	118,691
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Intergovernmental		<u>-</u>	12,998	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	12,998	<u> </u>
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(13,427)	(78,757)	(153,722)	181,751	15,067	(49,088)	118,691
Capital contributions Transfers in	11,417	11,747 70,000	6,616 80,000	-	-	29,780 150,000	-
Change in net position	(2,010)	2,990	(67,106)	181,751	15,067	130,692	118,691
Net Position: Beginning of year, as restated	4,751,639	7,865,899	791,049	2,474,392	296,133	16,179,112	(172,780)
End of year	\$ 4,749,629	\$ 7,868,889	\$ 723,943	\$ 2,656,143	<u>\$ 311,200</u>	<u>\$ 16,309,804</u>	<u>\$ (54,089)</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# CITY OF CANNON BEACH, OREGON PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities
		Dusin	less-type Activit		Nonmajor Fund -		Administrative
	Water Enterprise	Wastewater Enterprise	Storm Drain Enterprise	RV Park Enterprise	Recycling Enterprise	Total	Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from customers	\$ 784,174	\$ 1,047,844	\$ 132,732	\$ 1,609,812	\$ 170,099	\$ 3,744,661	\$ -
Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to suppliers and contractors	- (209,638)	- (286,313)	- (200,204)	- (1,207,976)	- (42,498)	- (1,946,629)	1,182,310 (478,454)
Payments to employees	(245,350)	(284,640)	(17,218)	(1,207,370)	(76,441)	(623,649)	(710,119)
Payments for interfund services used	(252,129)	(251,588)	(40,942)	(89,626)	(41,264)	(675,549)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating							
activities	77,057	225,303	(125,632)	312,210	9,896	498,834	(6,263)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Operating grants	-	-	12,998	-	-	12,998	-
Transfers in		70,000	80,000			150,000	<u> </u>
Net cash provided by (used in)							
noncapital financing activities		70,000	92,998			162,998	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Capital contributions	11,417	11,747	6,616	-	-	29,780	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(121,505)	(234,270)			(13,812)	(369,587)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and							
related financing activities	(110,088)	(222,523)	6,616		(13,812)	(339,807)	
Net change in cash and investments	(33,031)	72,780	(26,018)	312,210	(3,916)	322,025	(6,263)
Cash and investments:	070 470	050 400	08.260	750 075	150 201	1 520 022	44 704
Beginning of year	278,170	253,126	98,360	758,975	150,201	1,538,832	41,781
End of year	<u>\$ 245,139</u>	<u>\$ 325,906</u>	<u>\$ 72,342</u>	<u>\$ 1,071,185</u>	<u>\$ 146,285</u>	<u>\$ 1,860,857</u>	<u>\$35,518</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activitie	\$ (13,427)	\$ (78,757)	\$ (166,720)	\$ 181,751	\$ 15,067	\$ (62,086)	\$ 118,691
Depreciation	163,772	368,405	26,827	34,154	11,481	604,639	5,872
Net reduction of expense under GASB 68	(52,664)	(62,464)	(1,433)	-	(18,125)	(134,686)	(150,213)
(Increase) decrease in current assets:	0.000	(7,400)	(4.044)	7 4 6 4	(707)	4 700	(4, 400)
Accounts receivable Inventory	3,966 (4,822)	(7,409) (897)	(1,241)	7,121 7,545	(707)	1,730 1,826	(1,428)
Net pension asset	(4,022)	(097)	-	7,545	-	1,020	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued	(05.005)	0.007	10 500	04,000	(1.010)	00.000	(4.074)
expenses Accrued payroll	(25,285) 863	9,037 (1,131)	16,523 (123)	81,639	(1,312) (324)	80,602 (715)	(4,871) 36
Deposits	1,377	(1,131)	(123)		(324)	1,377	
Compensated absences	3,277	(1,481)	535	-	3,816	6,147	25,650
Net pension liability		-	-	-	-	- , -	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows							
Net cash provided (used) by operating	<b>.</b> .	• • • • •	<b>A</b> // <b>.</b>			• • • • • •	
activities	<u>\$ 77,057</u>	<u>\$225,303</u>	<u>\$ (125,632)</u>	<u>\$ 312,210</u>	<u>\$ 9,896</u>	<u>\$ 498,834</u>	<u>\$ (6,263)</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

#### Note I - Summary of significant accounting policies

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Cannon Beach, Oregon ("City") was incorporated in March 1957 as a municipal government under state law. The City operates under a council-city manager form of government. The governing body (City Council) consists of a mayor and four at-large councilors who serve four-year terms. The City Manager administers policies and coordinates the activities of the City. The City Manager reports to and is responsible to the City Council. The heads of various departments, formed to provide various services, are under the direct supervision of the City Manager.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements display information about the City as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, net outflows of resources, liabilities, and net inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and allocated indirect expenses of a given function or program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. *Indirect expenses* are those costs, usually administrative in nature, that support all City functions and programs and enable direct services to be provided. *Program revenues* include: 1) fees, fines, and charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and *available*. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all of the financial operations of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, transient room taxes, licenses and permits, and state shared revenues. Primary expenditures are for general government and public safety.

The *tourism and arts fund* accounts for tax revenues related to tourism levied by the City as stipulated by city ordinance and used for tourism related activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note I - Summary of significant accounting policies, continued

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation, continued

The *road fund* accounts for tax revenues which are levied by the Cannon Beach Road District, revenues from state gasoline taxes which are to be expended as outlined in the Constitution of the State of Oregon, Article IX, Section 3, and for grants that are received for the construction, maintenance and repair of streets and roads.

The *Debt service fund* accounts for the servicing of general long-term debt. Revenue sources are property taxes levied for general obligation bonds and other general governmental revenues.

Additionally, the City reports the following nonmajor funds within the governmental fund type:

Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

*Capital project funds* account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type or proprietary funds).

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *water enterprise fund* (a combination of the operating and reserve funds) accounts for the costs of operating the water system of the City and paying for its costs and renovation. User fees provide the revenue.

The *wastewater enterprise fund* (a combination of the operating and reserve funds) accounts for the costs of operating the wastewater public utility. User fees provide the revenue.

The storm drain enterprise fund (a combination of the operating and reserve funds) accounts for the costs of operating the storm drain public utility. User fees provide the revenue.

The *RV park enterprise fund* (a combination of the operating and reserve funds) accounts for the costs of operating the RV park. User fees provide the revenue.

Additionally, the City reports the recycling fund as a non-major proprietary fund and an *internal service fund* to account for the service of the Administrative Services Fund provided to other funds of the City.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The City allocates charges as reimbursement for services provided by the general fund in support of those functions based on levels of service provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These charges are included in direct program expenses.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Significant operating expenses include personnel, contracted services, repairs and maintenance, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position or fund balance

#### 1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP"), and short-term investments with original maturities of eighteen months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and agency debt obligations, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Service and property taxes receivable that meet the measurable and available criteria for revenue recognition are accrued as revenue in the governmental funds financial statements. Receivables in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are accrued as revenue when earned. In governmental funds any revenues not meeting the revenue recognition criteria are offset by unavailable revenue accounts. Receivables are stated net of any allowance for uncollectibles.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note I - Summary of significant accounting policies, continued

#### D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position or fund balance, continued

#### 2. Receivables and payables, continued

Assessments receivable in the governmental funds are recognized at the time the property owners are assessed for property improvements. In governmental funds assessments receivable are offset by unavailable revenue accounts and, accordingly, have not been recognized as revenue.

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1st. Property taxes are assessed in October and tax payments are due November 15th of the same year. Under the partial payment schedule, the first one-third of taxes are due November 15th of the same year, the second one-third on February 15th, and the remaining one-third on May 15th. A three percent discount is allowed if full payment is made by November 15th and a two percent discount is allowed if two-thirds payment is made by November 15th. Taxes become delinquent if not paid by the due date and interest accrues after each trimester at a rate of one percent per month.

Revenues of the proprietary fund types are recorded when earned, including services earned but not billed. Management believes that the amount of uncollectible utility revenue receivables is immaterial. Therefore, no provision for uncollectible receivables has been recorded.

#### 3. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories of materials and supplies in the proprietary funds are stated at average cost, on a first-in, first-out basis, and charged to expense as used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 4. Due to/from other funds

Activity between funds that is representative of informal short-term lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds."

#### 5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, street lights, etc.) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life beyond a single reporting period. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of the donation.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest costs were capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2015.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements	25
Infrastructure and utility systems	25 - 50
Vehicles	5 - 10
Equipment	7 - 25

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note I - Summary of significant accounting policies, continued

#### D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position or fund balance, continued

## 6. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. The City also reports on the government-wide and proprietary fund statements deferred outflows of resources related to pensions.

In addition to liabilities, the statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports two types of deferred inflows. Unavailable revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and local improvement districts (LIDs). These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The government-wide statements and the enterprise funds report deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

A detailed description of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and how they are calculated can be found in note III.E.

#### 7. Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### 8. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 9. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular resource from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### 10. Fund balance flow assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to considered restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note I - Summary of significant accounting policies, continued

#### D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position or fund balance, continued

#### 11. Fund balance policies

In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The fund balance classifications are:

*Nonspendable* - resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories, prepaids and deposits, and assets held for sale.

*Restricted* - constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grants, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed* - the City Commission passes an ordinance that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The City Commission can modify or rescind the ordinance at any time through passage of an additional ordinance.

Assigned - resources that are constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed when the City Commission approves which resources should be "reserved" during the adoption of the annual budget.

*Unassigned* - resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

#### 12. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note II - Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

#### A. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294 - Local Budget Law).

On or before June 30 of each year, the City enacts a resolution approving the budget, appropriating the expenditures, and levying the property taxes. Prior to enacting this resolution, the proposed budget is presented to a budget committee consisting of members of the City Council and a like number of interested citizens. The budget committee presents the budget to the City Council for budget hearings prior to enactment of the resolution.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the legal level of control by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total expenditures by department as established by the resolution are the legal level of control for the general fund. Expenditure categories of personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service, and contingency are the legal levels of control for all other funds. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific information for the above mentioned expenditure categories.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and adoption by the City Council. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets by the use of appropriation transfers between the legal levels of control within a fund. Such transfers require approval by the City Council. Management may not amend the budget without seeking approval of the Council. The City Council approved various transfer resolutions during the year.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note II - Stewardship, compliance, and accountability, continued

## B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2015, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:

	Fi	nal Budget	 Actual	 Variance
General Fund - Executive General Fund - Planning	\$	681,887 193,430	\$ 795,622 204.354	\$ (113,735) (10,924)
Road Fund - Personal Services		204,826	206,315	(1,489)
Building Official Fund - Materials and Services Water Fund - Personal Services		126,907 238,930	132,708 246.213	(5,801) (7,283)
Water Fund - Capital Outlay		238,930	120,245	(23,245)
Wastewater Fund - Capital Outlay		217,000	233,009	(16,009)
Storm Drain Fund - Materials and Services		151,387	175,534	(24,147)
Storm Drain Fund - Capital Outlay Administrative Services Fund - Materials and Services		70,000 442,603	82,135 462,272	(12,135) (19,669)

#### Note III - Detailed notes on all funds

#### A. Deposits and investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for its cash and cash equivalents in which each fund participates. Cash and investments are comprised of the following:

Petty cash	\$ 150
Deposits with financial institutions	1,791,162
Local government investment pool	 1,849,169
Total	\$ 3,640,481

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.* There is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk, but follows the requirements of ORS 295. The City's cash is covered by federal depository insurance or by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon. The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are adequately capitalized or 110% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of State Treasurer. In the event of bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities.

*Credit Risk - Investments*. The City has no investment policy for credit risk, but in practice follows state statutes which authorize the City to invest primarily in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, certain commercial papers and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (LGIP), among others.

LGIP is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The Oregon Revised Statutes and the Oregon Investment Council govern the Pool's investment policies. The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Pool and is responsible for all funds in the Pool. These funds must be invested and the investments managed as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Investments in the fund are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-term Funds Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types of maturities of investments. The Oregon Audits Division of the Secretary of State's Office audits the Pool annually. LGIP is not rated by a national rating service. The financial statements are available at www.ost.state.or.us.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note III - Detailed notes on all funds, continued

# A. Deposits and investments, continued

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the maximum maturity to the anticipated use of the cash or 18 months, whichever is shorter.

The weighted-average maturity of the LGIP is less than one year.

# B. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases Decreases		Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 3,759,675 <u>65,539</u>	\$- <u>33,651</u>	\$	\$- (65,539)	\$ 3,759,675 <u>33,651</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,825,214	33,651		(65,539)	3,793,326
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	1,890,564 1,229,023 2,666,492	118,924 169,074 265,991	(38,107)	- - 65,539	2,009,488 1,359,990 2,998,022
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,786,079	553,989	(38,107)	65,539	6,367,500
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	(1,278,390) (813,503) <u>(1,145,414)</u>	(44,997) (100,276) <u>(91,577)</u>	38,107	- -	(1,323,387) (875,672) <u>(1,236,991)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,237,307)	(236,850)	38,107		(3,436,050)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,548,772	317,139		65,539	2,931,450
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 6,373,986</u>	<u>\$ 350,790</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 6,724,776</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note III - Detailed notes on all funds, continued

# B. Capital assets, continued

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$  1,283,338 19,448	\$ - 59,007	\$ - -	\$ - (19,448)	\$ 1,283,338 59,007
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,302,786	59,007		(19,448)	1,342,345
Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings and improvements Other equipment	17,982,944 2,595,254 <u>389,326</u>	234,123 21,217 55,239	- -	19,448 - -	18,236,515 2,616,471 444,565
Total capital assets being depreciated	20,967,524	310,579	-	19,448	21,297,551
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure Buildings and improvements Other equipment	(6,566,245) (834,530) (245,843)	(525,929) (56,331) <u>(22,379)</u>	-	- -	(7,092,174) (890,861) (268,222)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,646,618)	(604,639)			(8,251,257)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	13,320,906	(294,060)		19,448	13,046,294
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$14,623,692</u>	<u>\$ (235,053)</u>	\$-	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$14,388,639</u>

Depreciation was not charged to specific functions or programs of the City for governmental activities. Capital assets are used throughout the City and are therefore unallocated. Depreciation expense for governmental activities is recorded on the statement of activities as unallocated depreciation expense. Depreciation expense was charged to functions/ programs of the City's business-type activities as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water enterprise	\$ 163,772
Wastewater enterprise	368,405
Storm drain enterprise	26,827
RV park enterprise	34,154
Recycling enterprise	 11,481
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 604,639

# Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note III - Detailed notes on all funds, continued

# C. Interfund transfers

The interfund transfer activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Transfers Out:				-	
		Nonmajor				
		General	Go۱	/ernmental		
		Fund	Funds		Totals	
Transfers In:	_					
Road Fund	\$	240,238	\$	-	\$	240,238
Debt Service Fund		262,800		-		262,800
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		274,645		40,250		314,895
Wastewater Enterprise		70,000		-		70,000
Storm Drain Enterprise		80,000		-	_	80,000
	\$	927,683	\$	40,250	\$	967,933

Interfund transfers are used to provide funds for debt service, to contribute towards the cost of capital projects, and to provide operational resources.

# D. Long-term debt

Long-term debt outstanding at year end is as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
The State of Oregon loan in the original amount of \$402,500 was used to cover the City's share of the construction to improve the intersection of US 101 at the north entrance to the City. The City agreed to pay \$40,250 annually for a ten year period. The road reserve fund is used to liquidate this loan.	0%	\$ 40,250
The general obligation bonds series 2010 were issued in the original amount of \$3,575,000 to finance the Ecola Creek Forest Reserve. These general obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The debt service fund is used to liquidate these bonds. Original maturity of these 20-year bonds is June 1, 2031. In April of 2012, the City received a \$1,400,000 grant from the Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board which the City used to legally defease \$1,015,000 of the 2010 series bond principal, adjusting the maturity to January 1, 2027.	2.00% to 4.50%	2,325,000
The general obligation bonds series 2012 were issued in the original amount of \$2,845,000 to advance refund a portion of the 2005 Series general obligation bonds. These general obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The debt service fund is used to liquidate these bonds. Final maturity of these bonds is June 1, 2025.	2.0% to 3.0%	2,800,000
Total debt outstanding Current portion		5,165,250 <u>390,250</u>
Long-term portion		\$ 4,775,000

The total debt outstanding is reported in the schedule of changes in long-term liabilities as follows:

	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities - general obligation bonds Governmental activities - loans payable	\$ 5,125,000 <u>40,250</u>	\$ 350,000 40,250
	\$ 5,165,250	\$ 390,250

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note III - Detailed notes on all funds, continued

#### D. Long-term debt, continued

Annual debt service requirements to maturity at year end are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Year ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	
2016	\$	390,250	\$	177,325	
2017		365,000		169,275	
2018		385,000		158,325	
2019		410,000		146,025	
2020		480,000		135,025	
2021 - 2025		2,830,000		394,725	
2026 - 2028		305,000		19,350	
Total	\$	5,165,250	\$	1,200,050	

#### Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	 Additions	Reductions		Ending Balance		_	ue Within Dne Year
Governmental activities:								
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds Original issue premium	\$ 5,455,000 321,964	\$ -	\$	(330,000) (32,158)	\$	5,125,000 289,806	\$	350,000 27,709
Totals bonds payable	5,776,964	-		(362,158)		5,414,806		377,709
Loans payable Compensated absences	 80,500 72,258	 - 28,532		(40,250) -		40,250 100,790		40,250 100,790
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 5,929,722	\$ 28,532	\$	(402,408)	\$	5,555,846	\$	518,749
Business-type activities:								
Compensated absences	\$ 28,888	\$ 6,147	\$	-	\$	35,035	\$	35,035

For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

#### Advanced Refundings

**2010 Series general obligation bonds.** In 2012, the City defeased a portion of the 2010 Series general obligation bonds by placing the funds received from a State of Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board (OWEB) grant in an irrevocable trust account to provide for future debt service payments on the bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At June 30, 2015 \$1,015,000 of defeased 2010 Series general obligation bonds remain outstanding.

**2005 Series general obligation bonds.** In 2013, the City defeased a portion of the 2005 Series general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of the 2012 Series general obligation bonds in an irrevocable trust account to provide for future debt service payments on the bonds. The trust account assets were used during the year ended June 30, 2015 to pay \$2,780,000 of defeased 2005 Series general obligation bonds. The bond was paid in full in 2015.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note III - Detailed notes on all funds, continued

#### E. Employee Retirement Plans

The City is a participating employer in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System ("OPERS"), a single costsharing multiple employer defined benefit retirement plans. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial\_reports/financials.aspx.

#### **Risk Pooling**

The City has elected to participate in the State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP). Pooling allows separate employers to be part of one group for the purpose of determining employer pension costs and contribution rates. Pool participants share pension assets and future pension liabilities and surpluses. Employers in the pool jointly fund the future pension costs of all of the pooled participants.

#### Plan Benefits

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. The authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan rests with the Oregon Legislature.

1. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (Chapter 238).

#### Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

#### Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

#### **Disability Benefits**

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit

#### Benefit Changes After Retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments.

Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

## Note III - Detailed notes on all funds, continued

#### E. Employee Retirement Plans, continued

#### 2. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

#### Pension Benefits.

The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and Fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

#### Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

#### **Disability Benefits**

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

#### Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

#### 3. OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

#### Pension Benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

#### Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note III - Detailed notes on all funds, continued

#### E. Employee Retirement Plans, continued

#### **Contributions:**

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

#### 1. Member contributions

Beginning January 1, 2004, all member contributions, except judge members, were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program. Prior to that date, all member contributions were credited to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Member contributions are set by statue at 6.0 to 7.0 percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers, who may agree to make member contributions on the member's behalf. The contributions are either deducted from member salaries or paid by the employers. The City has elected to make payments on behalf of it's employees, who pay 6.0% of their salary to the IAP.

#### 2. Employer contributions

Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2011 actuarial valuation as subsequently modified by 2013 legislated changes in benefit provisions. The rates, based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2013. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivisions, including the City, have made lump sum payments to establish side accounts, and their rates have been reduced.

The City's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$297,474. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 were 12.38 percent for Tier One/Tier Two General Services, 9.37 percent for OPSRP Pension Program General Services, and 12.10 percent for OPSRP Police and Fire members.

A 10 year schedule of Defined Benefit Pension Plan Contributions can be found beginning on page 58 of the June 30, 2014 PERS CAFR.

## Pension Plan CAFR:

Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at:

#### http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial\_reports/financials.aspx.

# Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015 the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset is \$457,641. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2012 rolled forward to June 30, 2014. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the City's proportion was 0.02011880 percent, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$		\$	879.964	
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	2,735	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		205,218		-	
Total	\$	205,218	\$	882,699	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$205,218 resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

# Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note III - Detailed notes on all funds, continued

#### E. Employee Retirement Plans, continued

Year Ended June 30,	nce of Projected and Investment Earnings	Change in Employer oportion and Differences Between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contribution	Total
2016	\$ 219,901	\$ 684	\$ 220,585
2017	219,901	684	220,585
2018	219,902	683	220,585
2019	219,902	683	220,585
2020	 358	 11	359
Total	\$ 879,964	\$ 2,735	\$ 882,699

## **Actuarial Valuations:**

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2015, were set using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

## Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in Developing Total Pension Liability:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2012, rolled forward to June 30, 2014
Experience Study Report	2012, published September 18, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age normal
Amortization Method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization based over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years and OPSRP pension UAL is amortized over 16 years
Asset Valuation Method	Market value of assets
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.75 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent
Project Salary Increases	3.75 percent overall payroll growth
Mortality	Health retirees and beneficiaries: PF-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale AA, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active Members: Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates that vary by group, as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees: Mortality rates are a percentage of the RP-2000 statistic combined disabled mortality sex-distinct table.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

#### Note III - Detailed notes on all funds, continued

#### E. Employee Retirement Plans, continued

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2012 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2012.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Assumed Asset Allocation**

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Cash	0.0 %	3.0 %	0.0 %
Debt Securities	15.0 %	25.0 %	20.0
Public Equity	32.5 %	42.5 %	37.5
Private Equity	16.0 %	24.0 %	20.0
Real Estate	9.5 %	15.5 %	12.5
Alternative Equity	0.0 %	10.0 %	10.0
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0 %	3.0 %	0.0
Total			100.0 %

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2013 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Compounded Annual Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	7.20 %	4.50 %
Short-Term Bonds	8.00 %	3.70 %
Intermediate-Term Bonds	3.00 %	4.10 %
High Yield Bonds	1.80 %	6.66 %
Large Cap US Equities	11.65 %	7.20 %
Mid Cap US Equities	3.88 %	7.30 %
Small Cap US Equities	2.27 %	7.45 %
Developed Foreign Equities	14.21 %	6.90 %
Emerging Foreign Equities	5.49 %	7.40 %
Private Equities	20.00 %	8.26 %
Opportunity Funds/Absolute Return	5.00 %	6.01 %
Real Estate (Property)	13.75 %	6.51 %
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50 %	6.76 %
Commodities	1.25 %	6.07 %
Total	100.00 %	

Assumed Inflation - Mean

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

## Note III - Detailed notes on all funds, continued

#### E. Employee Retirement Plans, continued

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (6.75%)	 unt Rate 75%)	1	% Increase (8.75%)
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	965,719	\$ (457,641)	\$	(1,658,507)

#### **Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date**

The Oregon Supreme Court on April 30, 2015, ruled in the Moro decision, that the provisions of Senate Bill 861, signed into law in October 2013, that limited the post-retirement COLA on benefits accrued prior to the signing of the law was unconstitutional. Benefits could be modified prospectively, but not retrospectively. As a result, those who retired before the bills were passed will continue to receive a COLA tied to the Consumer Price Index that normally results in a 2% increase annually. OPERS will make restoration payments to those benefit recipients. OPERS members who have accrued benefits before and after the effective dates of the 2013 legislation will have a blended COLA rate when they retire.

This is a change in benefit terms subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2014, which will be reflected in the next year's actuarial valuations. The impact of the Moro decision has not been fully determined. However, the change in benefit terms is estimated to change the City's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability by \$990,789 as shown in the following table.

	F	Prior to Moro	 Change		
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	12,701,964 13,159,605	\$ 13,690,843 13,157,695	\$ (988,879) 1,910	
Net pension (asset)/liability	\$	(457,641)	\$ 533,148	\$ (990,789)	

#### F. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not reached the level of commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### G. Contingent liabilities

The City is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations and capital projects. Management intends to contest these matters and does not believe their ultimate resolution will have a material effect upon the City's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

# Note III - Detailed notes on all funds, continued

# H. Restatement of Net Position

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as Amended* during the year ended June 30, 2015. In accordance with the implementation guidance of GASB No. 68, the statement was applied retroactively by restating the City's beginning net position as follows:

	В	eginning Net		Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to		Net Pension	E	Restated Beginning Net
Opinion Unit		Position	Pensions			Pensions Liability		Position
Governmental Activities	\$	2,947,069	\$	143,083	\$	(805,262)	\$	2,284,890
Business-type Activities		16,361,216		39,328		(221,432)		16,179,112
Water Enterprise		4,822,845		15,377		(86,583)		4,751,639
Wastewater Enterprise		7,950,355		18,241		(102,697)		7,865,899
Storm Drain Enterprise		792,986		420		(2,357)		791,049
Recycling Enterprise		320,638		5,290		(29,795)		296,133



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2015

# Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

	_	2015		2014	2013 and Prior
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.02011880 %		0.02011880 %	N/A
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(456,036)	\$	1,026,692	N/A
Covered payroll	\$	2,051,308	\$	1,983,297	N/A
Proportionate share of the pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		(22.23)%		51.77 %	N/A
Plan net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		103.59 %		92.00 %	N/A

# **Schedule of Pension Contributions**

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

	 2015	2014		2013 and Prior
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 297,474 297,474 -	\$ \$	302,166 <u>302,166</u> -	N/A N/A N/A
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,051,308	\$	1,983,297	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	14.50 %		15.24 %	N/A



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



# 030 - DEBT SERVICE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:								
Taxes and assessments Other	\$	342,000	\$	342,000	\$	327,604 12,739	\$	(14,396) 12,739
Total revenues		342,000		342,000		340,343		(1,657)
Expenditures:								
Debt service: Principal Interest		370,250 234,550		370,250 234,550		370,250 188,875		45,675
Total expenditures		604,800		604,800		559,125		45,675
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(262,800)		(262,800)		(218,782)		44,018
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		262,800		262,800		262,800		-
Net change in fund balances		-		-		44,018		44,018
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		-		-		(36,529)		(36,529)
End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,489	\$	7,489



# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues derived from specific tax or other earmarked revenue sources, including federal and state grant awards, which are restricted to finance particular functions or activities. Funds included in this fund category are:

**Building Official Fund** - Accounts for the activities of the Building Division, which is responsible for the enforcement of building, plumbing, mechanical, and fire and life safety codes of the State of Oregon.

*Capital Project Funds* are used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Funds included in this category are:

General Replacement Fund - Accounts for resources dedicated for future general capital asset replacement.

Road Repair and Replacement Fund - Accounts for resources dedicated for future capital improvements for roads.

Ecola Forest Reserve Fund - Accounts for resources dedicated for future capital improvements in the Ecola Forest.

Bridge Repair and Replacement Reserve Fund - Accounts for resources dedicated for future capital improvements for bridges.



# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

	Special									
	Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Funds								
			Bridge							
			Road Repair	Ecola	Repair &	Total				
	Building	General	and	Forest	Replacement	Nonmajor				
	Official Fund	Replacement	Replacement	Reserve	Reserve	Governmental				
	(015)	Fund (059)	Fund (051)	Fund (053)	Fund (055)	Funds				
ASSETS										
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 66,268	\$ 513,821	\$ 21,674	\$ 6,394	\$ 100,000	\$ 708,157				
Accounts receivable	22					22				
Total assets	\$ 66,290	<u>\$513,821</u>	\$ 21,674	\$ 6,394	\$ 100,000	\$ 708,179				
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenues Total liabilities	\$ 14,481 	\$	\$	\$ - 	\$	\$ 14,481 <u>9,062</u> 				
FUND BALANCES Restricted: Building inspection										
program Assigned:	42,747	-	-	-	-	42,747				
Capital projects		513,821	21,674	6,394	100,000	641,889				
Total fund balances	42,747	513,821	21,674	6,394	100,000	684,636				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 66,290	\$ 513,821	\$ 21,674	\$ 6,394	\$ 100,000	\$ 708,179				
IUTIU DAIATICES	φ 00,290	ψ 010,021	ψ 21,074	$\Psi$ 0,394	$\Psi$ 100,000	$\psi$ 700,179				

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	S	pecial										
	Reve	nue Fund		Capital Projects Funds								
										Bridge		
					Roa	ad Repair		Ecola	F	Repair &		Total
	В	uilding		General		and		Forest	Replacement		Nonmajor	
	Offic	ial Fund	Re	Replacement		Replacement		eserve	Reserve		Governmental	
	(	(015)	Fund (059)		Fund (051)		Fund (053)		Fund (055)		Funds	
Revenues:												
Licenses and permits	\$	141,478	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	141,478
Other		847		-		-		-		-		847
Total revenues		142,325		-		-		-		-		142,325
Expenditures:												
Current:												
Building		146,888		-		-		-		-		146,888
Excess (deficiency) of												
revenues over												
(under) expenditures		(4,563)		-		<u> </u>		-				(4,563)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Transfers in		-		314,895		-		-		-		314,895
Transfers out		-		-		(40,250)		-		-		(40,250)
Total other financing												
sources (uses)		-		314,895		(40,250)		-		-		274,645
Net change in fund balance		(4,563)		314,895		(40,250)		-		-		270,082
Fund Balances:												
Beginning of year		47,310		198,926		61,924		6,394		100,000		414,554
End of year	\$	42,747	\$	513,821	\$	21,674	\$	6,394	\$	100,000	\$	684,636

015 - BUILDING OFFICIAL FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:				
Licenses, permits and fees Other	\$ 146,796 	\$ 146,796 	\$ 141,478 <u>847</u>	\$ (5,318) <u>847</u>
Total revenues	146,796	146,796	142,325	(4,471)
Expenditures:				
Personal services Materials and services	20,596 126,907	20,596 126,907	14,180 <u>132,708</u>	6,416 (5,801)
Total expenditures	147,503	147,503	146,888	615
Net change in fund balance	(707)	(707)	(4,563)	(3,856)
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year	5,000	5,000	47,310	42,310
End of year	\$ 4,293	\$ 4,293	\$ 42,747	\$ 38,454

059 - GENERAL REPLACEMENT FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		 Variance
Revenues:							
Expenditures:							
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>314,895</u> 314,895	\$	<u>314,895</u> 314,895	<u>\$</u>	<u>314,895</u> 314,895	\$ 
Fund Balance: Beginning of year End of year	\$	<u>198,925</u> 513,820	\$	<u>198,925</u> 513,820	\$	<u>198,926</u> 513,821	\$ <u> </u>

051 - ROAD REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT FUND

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Origir	nal Budget	Fi	nal Budget	Actual			Variance	
Revenues:									
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay	\$	15,500	\$	15,500	\$	-	\$	15,500	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers out		(40,250)		(40,250)		(40,250)		-	
Net change in fund balance		(55,750)		(55,750)		(40,250)		15,500	
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year		61,000		61,000		61,924		924	
End of year	\$	5,250	\$	5,250	\$	21,674	\$	16,424	

053 - ECOLA FOREST RESERVE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		 /ariance
Revenues:							
Expenditures:							
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,394	\$ 394
End of year	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,394	\$ 394

## 055 - BRIDGE REPAIR & REPLACEMENT RESERVE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Origi	nal Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	 Variance
Revenues:						
Expenditures:						
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -
End of year	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -



#### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

*Enterprise Funds* are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs of providing services are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Funds included in this category are:

Water Fund - Accounts for the operation, maintenance and improvements of the water public utility.

*Water Repair and Replacement Reserve Fund* - Accumulates money for major maintenance and capital improvement projects.

Wastewater Fund - Accounts for the operation, maintenance, and improvements of the wastewater public utility.

*Wastewater Repair and Replacement Reserve Fund* - Accumulates money for major maintenance and capital improvement projects.

Storm Drain Fund - Accounts for the operation, maintenance and improvements of the storm drainage utility.

Storm Drain Repair and Replacement Reserve Fund - Accumulates money for major maintenance and capital improvement projects.

RV Park Fund - Accounts for the operation, maintenance and improvements of the RV park.

*RV Park Repair and Replacement Reserve Fund* - Accumulates money for major maintenance and capital improvement projects.

Recycling Fund - Accounts for the operation, maintenance and improvements of the City's recycling operations.

**Recycling Repair and Replacement Reserve Fund** - Accumulates money for major maintenance and capital improvement projects.



#### WATER ENTERPRISE

### Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Water Fund (024)	Water Reserve Fund (054)	Total Water Enterprise
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 63,629	\$ 181,510	\$ 245,139
Accounts receivable	60,058	-	60,058
Inventory	107,337		107,337
Total current assets	231,024	181,510	412,534
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable assets	483,888	-	483,888
Depreciable, net	3,914,018	-	3,914,018
Net pension asset	38,597	-	38,597
Total noncurrent assets	4,436,503	<u> </u>	4,436,503
Total assets	4,667,527	181,510	4,849,037
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	17,308	-	17,308
Total assets and deferred outflows	4,684,835	181,510	4,866,345
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	16,443	_	16,443
Accrued payroll	5,401	_	5,401
Deposits	5,744	-	5,744
Compensated absences	14,682	-	14,682
Total liabilities	42,270	-	42,270
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	74,446	-	74,446
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	116,716		116,716
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	4,397,906	-	4,397,906
Unrestricted	170,213	181,510	351,723
Total net position	\$ 4,568,119	<u>\$ 181,510</u>	\$ 4,749,629

#### WATER ENTERPRISE

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Water Fund (024)	Water Reserve Fund (054)	Total Water Enterprise	
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 767,933	\$-	\$ 767,933	
Other operating revenues	12,275	-	12,275	
Total operating revenues	780,208		780,208	
Operating Expenses:				
Personal services	196,826	-	196,826	
Cost of operations	433,037	-	433,037	
Depreciation	163,772	-	163,772	
Total operating expenses	793,635		793,635	
Operating income (loss)	(13,427)	-	(13,427)	
Capital contributions	11,417	<u> </u>	11,417	
Change in net position	(2,010)	-	(2,010)	
Net Position:				
Beginning of year, as restated	4,570,129	181,510	4,751,639	
End of year	\$ 4,568,119	<u>\$ 181,510</u>	\$ 4,749,629	

WATER ENTERPRISE Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Water Fund (024)	Water Reserve Fund (054)	Total Water Enterprise
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers	\$ 784,174	\$-	\$ 784,174
Payments to suppliers and contractors	(209,638)	-	(209,638)
Payments to employees	(245,350)	-	(245,350)
Payments for interfund services used	(252,129)		(252,129)
Net cash provided by operating activities	77,057		77,057
CASH FLOWS USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Capital contributions	11,417	-	11,417
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(121,505)	-	(121,505)
Net cash used by capital and related			
financing activities	(110,088)		(110,088)
Net change in cash and investments	(33,031)	-	(33,031)
Cash and investments:			
Beginning of year	96,660	181,510	278,170
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
End of year	\$ 63,629	<u>\$ 181,510</u>	\$ 245,139
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ (13,427)	\$-	\$ (13,427)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to			
net cash provided by operating activities:	400 770		400 770
Depreciation	163,772	-	163,772
Net reduction of expense under GASB 68 (Increase) decrease in assets:	(52,664)	-	(52,664)
Accounts receivable	3,966	-	3,966
Inventory	(4,822)	-	(4,822)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued			
expenses	(25,285)	-	(25,285)
Accrued payroll	863	-	863
Deposits	1,377	-	1,377
Compensated absences	3,277		3,277
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$77,057</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$77,057</u>

#### WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments \$	243,931	\$ 81,975	\$ 325,906
Accounts receivable	103,082	-	103,082
Inventory	35,866		35,866
Total current assets	382,879	81,975	464,854
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable assets	59,007	-	59,007
	,458,998	-	7,458,998
Net pension asset	45,779	-	45,779
Total noncurrent assets 7	,563,784		7,563,784
Total assets 7	,946,663	81,975	8,028,638
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	20,529		20,529
Total assets and deferred outflows 7	,967,192	81,975	8,049,167
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	73,728	-	73,728
Accrued payroll	6,088	-	6,088
Compensated absences	12,162		12,162
Total liabilities	91,978	-	91,978
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	88,300		88,300
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	180,278	<u> </u>	180,278
NET POSITION			
	,518,005 268,909	- 81,975	7,518,005 350,884
Total net position	,786,914	<u>\$81,975</u>	<u>\$ 7,868,889</u>

#### WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Wastewater Fund (026)	Wastewater Reserve Fund (056)	Total Wastewater Enterprise
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,053,686	\$-	\$ 1,053,686
Other operating revenues	1,567		1,567
Total operating revenues	1,055,253		1,055,253
Operating Expenses:			
Personal services	219,564	-	219,564
Cost of operations	546,041	-	546,041
Depreciation	368,405		368,405
Total operating expenses	1,134,010		1,134,010
Operating income (loss)	(78,757)	-	(78,757)
Capital contributions	11,747	-	11,747
Transfers in	70,000		70,000
Change in net assets	2,990	-	2,990
Net Position:			
Beginning of year, as restated	7,783,924	81,975	7,865,899
End of year	\$ 7,786,914	\$ 81,975	\$ 7,868,889

#### WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Wastewater Fund (026)			Wastewater Reserve Fund (056)		Total /astewater Enterprise
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and contractors Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,047,844 (286,313) (284,640) (251,588) 225,303	\$		\$	1,047,844 (286,313) (284,640) (251,588) 225,303
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in		70,000		<u>-</u>		70,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Capital contributions Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net cash used by capital and related		11,747 (234,270)		-		11,747 (234,270)
financing activities		(222,523)	<u> </u>	-		(222,523)
Net change in cash and investments		72,780		-		72,780
Cash and investments: Beginning of year		171,151		81,975		253,126
End of year	\$	243,931	\$	81,975	\$	325,906
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	\$	(78,757)	\$	-	\$	(78,757)
net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Net reduction of expense under GASB 68 (Increase) decrease in current assets:		368,405 (62,464)		-		368,405 (62,464)
Accounts receivable Inventory Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued		(7,409) (897)		-		(7,409) (897)
expenses		9,037		-		9,037
Accrued payroll Compensated absences		(1,131) (1,481)		-		(1,131) (1,481)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	225,303	\$		\$	225,303

#### STORM DRAIN ENTERPRISE Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Storm Drain Fund (028)	Storm Drain Reserve Fund (058)	Total Storm Drain Enterprise
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 65,227		\$ 72,342
Accounts receivable	15,217		15,217
Total current assets	80,444	7,115	87,559
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Depreciable, net	655,155	-	655,155
Net pension asset	1,050		1,050
Total noncurrent assets	656,205		656,205
Total assets	736,649	7,115	743,764
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	471		471
Total assets and deferred outflows	737,120	7,115	744,235
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	17,283	-	17,283
Accrued payroll	49	-	49
Compensated absences	935	<u> </u>	935
Total liabilities	18,267	-	18,267
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	2,025	<u> </u>	2,025
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	20,292	<u> </u>	20,292
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	655,155	-	655,155
Unrestricted	61,673		68,788
Total net position	<u>\$716,828</u>	<u>\$7,115</u>	<u>\$ 723,943</u>

#### STORM DRAIN ENTERPRISE

# Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Storm Drain Fund (028)		Storm Drain Reserve Fund (058)		otal Storm Drain nterprise
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	133,949	\$	-	\$ 133,949
Other operating revenues		24		-	 24
Total operating revenues		133,973			 133,973
Operating Expenses:					
Personal services		16,197		-	16,197
Cost of operations		257,669		-	257,669
Depreciation		26,827		-	 26,827
Total operating expenses		300,693		-	 300,693
Operating income (loss)		(166,720)		-	(166,720)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Intergovernmental		12,998		-	 12,998
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(153,722)		-	(153,722)
Capital contributions		6,616		-	6,616
Transfers in		80,000		-	 80,000
Change in net position		(67,106)		-	(67,106)
Net Position:		700.001		7445	704 040
Beginning of year, as restated		783,934		7,115	 791,049
End of year	\$	716,828	\$	7,115	\$ 723,943

#### STORM DRAIN ENTERPRISE Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Storm Drain Fund (028)		Storm Drain Reserve Fund (058)		otal Storm Drain Interprise
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers	\$	132,732	\$	-	\$ 132,732
Payments to suppliers and contractors		(200,204)		-	(200,204)
Payments to employees		(17,218)		-	(17,218)
Payments for interfund services used		(40,942)		-	 (40,942)
Net cash used in operating activities		(125,632)		-	 (125,632)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Operating grants		12,998		-	12,998
Transfers in		80,000		-	 80,000
Net cash provided by (used in)					
noncapital financing activities		92,998			 92,998
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Capital contributions		6,616		-	 6,616
Net change in cash and investments		(26,018)		-	(26,018)
Cash and investments:					
Beginning of year		91,245		7,115	 98,360
End of year	\$	65,227	\$	7,115	\$ 72,342
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(166,720)	\$	-	\$ (166,720)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:					
Depreciation		26,827		-	26,827
Net reduction of expense under GASB 68		(1,433)		-	(1,433)
(Increase) decrease in current assets:					
Accounts receivable		(1,241)		-	(1,241)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued					
expenses		16,523		-	16,523
Accrued payroll		(123)		-	(123)
Compensated absences		535		-	 535
Net cash used in by operating activities	\$	(125,632)	\$		\$ (125,632)

#### RV PARK ENTERPRISE Combining Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

	RV Park Fund (020)	RV Park Reserve Fund (050)	Total RV Park Enterprise
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 911,700	\$ 159,485	\$ 1,071,185
Inventory	19,198	-	19,198
Total current assets	930,898	159,485	1,090,383
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable assets	799,450	-	799,450
Depreciable, net	853,401	-	853,401
Total noncurrent assets	1,652,851		1,652,851
Total assets	2,583,749	159,485	2,743,234
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	87,091		87,091
Total liabilities	87,091		87,091
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,652,851	-	1,652,851
Unrestricted	843,807	159,485	1,003,292
Total net position	<u>\$ 2,496,658</u>	<u>\$ 159,485</u>	<u>\$ 2,656,143</u>

#### RV PARK ENTERPRISE Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	RV Park Fund (020)	RV Park Reserve Fund (050)	Total RV Park Enterprise
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for services	<u>\$ 1,602,691</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 1,602,691
Operating Expenses:	4 000 700		4 000 700
Cost of operations Depreciation	1,386,786 34,154	-	1,386,786 34,154
•	<u> </u>		
Total operating expenses	1,420,940	-	1,420,940
Change in net position	181,751	-	181,751
Net Position:			
Beginning of year	2,314,907	159,485	2,474,392
End of year	\$ 2,496,658	\$ 159,485	\$ 2,656,143

#### RV PARK ENTERPRISE Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	RV Park Fund (020)	RV Park Reserve Fund (050)	Total RV Park Enterprise
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and contractors Payments for interfund services used Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,609,812 (1,207,976) (89,626) 312,210	\$ - - - -	\$ 1,609,812 (1,207,976) (89,626) 312,210
Net change in cash and investments	312,210		312,210
Cash and investments: Beginning of year End of year	<u>599,490</u> <u>\$911,700</u>	<u> </u>	758,975 <u>1,071,185</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	\$ 181,751	\$-	\$ 181,751
net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in current assets: Accounts receivable	34,154	-	34,154
Inventory Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	7,121 7,545	-	7,121 7,545
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	81,639		81,639
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 312,210</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 312,210</u>

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND - RECYCLING ENTERPRISE

Combining Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

	Recycling Fund (022)	Recycling Reserve Fund (052)	Total Recycling Enterprise
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 69,959		\$ 146,285
Accounts receivable	17,771		17,771
Total current assets	87,730	76,326	164,056
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Depreciable, net	164,722		164,722
Net pension asset	13,283		13,283
Total noncurrent assets	178,005	<u> </u>	178,005
Total assets	265,735	76,326	342,061
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	5,956	<u> </u>	5,956
Total assets and deferred outflows	271,691	76,326	348,017
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,402		2,402
Accrued payroll	1,540		1,540
Compensated absences	7,256	<u> </u>	7,256
Total liabilities	11,198	-	11,198
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	25,619		25,619
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	36,817	<u> </u>	36,817
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	164,722	-	164,722
Unrestricted	70,152		146,478
Total net position	234,874	76,326	311,200

### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND - RECYCLING ENTERPRISE Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Recycling Fund (022)	Recycling Reserve Fund (052)	Total Recycling Enterprise
Operating Revenues:	•		•
Charges for services Other operating revenues	\$   170,683 123	\$-	\$   170,683 123
Total operating revenues	170,806		170,806
Operating Expenses:			
Personal services	61,808	-	61,808
Cost of operations	82,450	-	82,450
Depreciation	11,481		11,481
Total operating expenses	155,739		155,739
Change in net position	15,067	-	15,067
Net Position:			
Beginning of year, as restated	219,807	76,326	296,133
End of year	\$ 234,874	\$ 76,326	\$ 311,200

### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND - RECYCLING ENTERPRISE

Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Recycling Fund (022)		Recycling Reserve Fund (052)		Total ecycling nterprise
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and contractors Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used	\$	170,099 (42,498) (76,441) (41,264)	\$	- - - -	\$ 170,099 (42,498) (76,441) (41,264)
Net cash provided by operating activities		9,896		-	9,896
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(13,812)			 (13,812)
Net change in cash and investments		(3,916)		-	(3,916)
Cash and investments: Beginning of year		73,875		76,326	 150,201
End of year	<u>\$</u>	69,959	\$	76,326	\$ 146,285
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	15,067	\$	-	\$ 15,067
Depreciation		11,481		-	11,481
Net reduction of expense under GASB 68 (Increase) decrease in current assets:		(18,125)		-	(18,125)
Accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued		(707)		-	(707)
expenses		(1,312)		-	(1,312)
Accrued payroll		(324)		-	(324)
Compensated absences		3,816		-	 3,816
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	9,896	\$		\$ 9,896

## 024 - WATER FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Orig	inal Budget	F	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:									
Charges for services Capital contributions Other	\$	736,000 2,000 1,500	\$	736,000 2,000 <u>1,500</u>	\$	767,933 11,417 12,275	\$	31,933 9,417 <u>10,775</u>	
Total revenues		739,500		739,500		791,625		52,125	
Expenditures:									
Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay		238,930 450,513 97,000		238,930 450,513 97,000		246,213 439,120 120,245		(7,283) 11,393 (23,245)	
Total expenditures		786,443		786,443		805,578		(19,135)	
Net change in fund balance		(46,943)		(46,943)		(13,953)		32,990	
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year		127,500		127,500		110,052		(17,448)	
End of year	\$	80,557	\$	80,557		96,099	\$	15,542	
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Inventory Capital assets Compensated absences Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions GAAP Net Position - end of year					\$	107,337 4,397,906 (14,682) 38,597 17,308 (74,446) 4,568,119			

054 - WATER RESERVE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		 Variance
Revenues:							
Expenditures:							
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year	\$	181,510	\$	181,510	\$	181,510	\$ -
End of year	\$	181,510	\$	181,510	\$	181,510	\$ -

## 026 - WASTEWATER FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Orig	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance
Revenues:								
Charges for services Capital contributions Other	\$	975,000 - -	\$	975,000 - -	\$	1,053,686 11,747 <u>1,567</u>	\$	78,686 11,747 <u>1,567</u>
Total revenues		975,000		975,000		1,067,000		92,000
Expenditures:								
Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay		284,089 560,240 147,000		284,089 560,240 217,000		283,510 548,197 233,009		579 12,043 (16,009)
Total expenditures		991,329		1,061,329		1,064,716		(3,387)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(16,329)		(86,329)		2,284		88,613
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		70,000		70,000		-
Net change in fund balance		(16,329)		(16,329)		72,284		88,613
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		147,210		147,210		194,914		47,704
End of year	\$	130,881	\$	130,881		267,198	\$	136,317
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:								
Inventory Capital assets Compensated absences Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to pension						35,866 7,518,004 (12,162) 45,779 20,529 (88,300)		
					\$	7,786,914		

056 - WASTEWATER RESERVE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual			Variance
Revenues:								
Expenditures:								
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year	\$	81,975	\$	81,975	\$	81,975	<u>\$</u>	-
End of year	\$	81,975	\$	81,975	\$	81,975	\$	-

028 - STORM DRAIN FUND

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Oric	jinal Budget	Fi	nal Budget	Actual		ariance
Revenues:							
Charges for services Grants and donations Capital contributions Other	\$	136,000 30,000 - -	\$	136,000 30,000 - -	\$ 133,949 12,998 6,616 24	\$	(2,051) (17,002) 6,616 24
Total revenues		166,000		166,000	 153,587		(12,413)
Expenditures:							
Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay		19,719 71,387 70,000		19,719 151,387 70,000	 17,095 175,534 82,135		2,624 (24,147) (12,135)
Total expenditures		161,106		241,106	 274,764		(33,658)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		4,894		(75,106)	(121,177)		(46,071)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		-		80,000	 80,000		-
Net change in fund balance		4,894		4,894	(41,177)		(46,071)
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year		57,792		57,792	104,288		46,496
End of year	\$	62,686	\$	62,686	63,112	\$	425
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Capital assets Compensated absences Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions GAAP Net Position - end of year					\$ 655,155 (935) 1,050 471 (2,025) 716,828		

058 - STORM DRAIN RESERVE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		 /ariance
Revenues:							
Expenditures:							
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year	\$	7,115	\$	7,115	\$	7,115	\$ -
End of year	\$	7,115	\$	7,115	\$	7,115	\$ -

## 020 - RV PARK FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Ori	ginal Budget	F	Final Budget Actual				Variance		
Revenues:										
Charges for services	<u>\$</u>	1,400,000	<u>\$</u>	1,400,000	<u>\$</u>	1,602,691	<u>\$</u>	202,691		
Expenditures:										
Materials and services Capital outlay Contingency		1,378,757 15,000 145,000		1,378,757 15,000 145,000		1,365,539 6,581 -		13,218 8,419 145,000		
Total expenditures		1,538,757		1,538,757		1,372,120		166,637		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(138,757)		(138,757)		230,571		369,328		
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers out		(82,512)		(82,512)		-		82,512		
Net change in fund balance		(221,269)		(221,269)		230,571		451,840		
Fund Balance:										
Beginning of year		430,000		430,000		594,038		164,038		
End of year	\$	208,731	\$	208,731		824,609	\$	615,878		
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Inventory Capital assets GAAP Net Position - end of year					\$	19,198 1,652,851 2,496,658				

050 - RV PARK RESERVE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Orig	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:								
Expenditures: Transfers in	\$	82,512	\$	82,512	\$	-	\$	(82,512)
Fund Balance: Beginning of year		159,485		159,485		159,485		<u> </u>
End of year	\$	241,997	\$	241,997	\$	159,485	\$	(82,512)

## 022 - RECYCLING FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:								
Charges for services Other	\$	157,250 -	\$	157,250 -	\$	170,683 123	\$	13,433 123
Total revenues		157,250		157,250		170,806		13,556
Expenditures:								
Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay		88,631 102,633 <u>12,000</u>		88,631 101,833 12,800		76,117 83,509 12,753		12,514 18,324 47
Total expenditures		203,264		203,264		172,379		30,885
Net change in fund balance		(46,014)		(46,014)		(1,573)		44,441
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		64,039		64,039		85,361		21,322
End of year	\$	18,025	\$	18,025		83,788	\$	65,763
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Capital assets Compensated absences Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions GAAP Net Position - end of year					\$	164,722 (7,256) 13,283 5,956 (25,619) 234,874		

052 - RECYCLING RESERVE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:								
Expenditures:								
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year	\$	76,325	\$	76,325	\$	76,326	\$	1
End of year	\$	76,325	\$	76,325	\$	76,326	\$	1



#### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUND**

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis. Funds included in this category are:

*Administrative Services Fund* - Accounts for expenditures related to city-wide functions, including executive, finance, and central services expenditures.



060 - ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES FUND

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

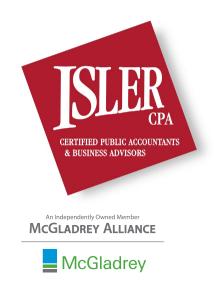
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:								
Charges for services Other	\$	1,264,370 -	\$	1,264,370 -	\$	1,182,469 1,269	\$	(81,901) 1,269
Total revenues		1,264,370		1,264,370		1,183,738		(80,632)
Expenditures:								
Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay		794,127 424,603 45,640		784,127 442,603 37,640		710,155 462,272 <u>11,311</u>		73,972 (19,669) <u>26,329</u>
Total expenditures		1,264,370		1,264,370		1,183,738		80,632
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		-		-				-
End of year	\$	-	\$	-		-	\$	-
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Capital assets Compensated absences Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions GAAP Net Position - end of year					\$	30,466 (31,671) 110,088 49,366 (212,338) (54,089)		



COMPLIANCE SECTION





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council City of Cannon Beach, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Cannon Beach, Oregon (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2015. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294)
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law
- Programs funded from outside sources
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294)
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C)

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except as follows:

- 1. Expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts as described in Note II. B. to the financial statements.
- 2. Resolution No. 15-10, For the Purpose of Authorizing Fiscal Year 2014-15 Budget Amendments and *Transfers*, provided for an increase in transfers out of the general fund without an equal amount of transfers in in the Storm Drain and Wastewater Funds. The error was corrected in the presentation of budget to actual statements in the audited financial statements.
- 3. Resolution No. 15-10, For the Purpose of Authorizing Fiscal Year 2014-15 Budget Amendments and *Transfers*, does not state the need for the transfer or the purpose for the authorized expenditures embodied in the appropriation.

- 4. The following items relate to the preparation of the 2015/2016 budget:
  - Resources do not equal requirements for the 2011/2012 and 2012/2013 actual columns.
  - Excess of actual revenues over actual expenditures in the second preceding year (2011/2012) do not equal the beginning balance in the first preceding year (2012/2013).
  - 2011-2012 actual beginning fund balance in the general fund and RV Park do not agree to the audited financial statements.
  - 2012-2013 actual total personal services for the Administrative Services Fund does not agree to the audited financial statements.

#### OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information of management, the City Council and the Secretary of State, Audits Division, of the State of Oregon. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Paul R Nielson

by Paul R Nielson, CPA, a member of the firm Eugene, Oregon December 31, 2015